d to take advice as to the fitness of persons collecting the office. Such a practice, wisely saministered, will conduce to efficiency in public position. But the impudent claims of the caucus-making republicans in Congress, that they are the only representative men and should have the power to control the President in all nominations, is sublime. As a general principle it may be safely laid down that the members of Congress are the most unfit advisers regarding nominations to office that can be found. Their personal relations within their own district are, through the inevitable necessities of their professional practice of politics, more intimate with the most corrupt nen therein, and not unfrequently they are under personal obligations to sustain for office persons of the worst character. If, then, we admit the principle on which the caucus of the Pennsylvania delegation is based, we consign the public offices of this country to the hands of the most corrupt and worthless class in it, and put off for a long day the restoration of common honesty to the administration of public affairs.

There is one saving clause in the report of the proceedings of this Pennsylvania caucus. After arranging the cards for the new deal a committee was appointed to wait upon the President and inform him of the result. He replied to them that he should want to appoint a few personal friends, but beyond these he would consult the delegation. It is to be hoped that the personal friends whom the President wishes to appoint will be sufficient to secure the leaven of honesty in public office. The old cry, "To the victor belongs the spoils," has been the ruin of every President and every political party for the last forty years, and no one comprehends more clearly than President Grant the truth of the axiom, "The army that plunders is demoralized."

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

On the 7th inst, the United States steamer Penot The following general orders have been issued by he Secretary of the Navy:—

The secretary of the NAVY:—

GENERAL ORDERS—NO. 101.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, March 11, 1869.

The sentence of Captain Napoleon Colling, who was convicted by a naval general court martial of negligence in performance of his duty, whereby the United States steamer Sacramento, under his command, was lost, is revoked, in consequence of the good conduct of Captain Collins during the rebellion. The pay of Captain Collins, forfeited by the above named sentence, will be restored to him.

A. E. BURIE, Secretary of the Navy.

GENERAL ORDER—No. 102.

A. E. BORIE, Secretary of the Navy.

GENERAL ORDERE—No. 102.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, March II, 1869.

The sentence of a naval general court martial in the case of George a. Bache, of the United States Navy, who was sentenced to be suspended from duty on the retired pay of his gradte for the term of one year, and to be publicly reprimanded by the honorable Secretary of the Navy, is hereby revoked, on the ground that there is nothing in the record of the proceedings of the court martial to justify the sentence. So much of Lieutenant Commander Bache's pay as was stopped by the sentence will be restored to him.

A. E. BURIE, Secretary of the Navy.

THE ROCERS MURDER.

Statement of the Girl Eghinle Referred to by the Bigamist Cunningham—His Assertic

Pronounced False in Every Particular.

POUGHEEPSIE, March 12, 1869.

I visited Louisa Eghmie, the girl referred to by the bigamist Cunningham as knowing something about the Rogers murder. She resides at Philip Vanderbit's Hotel, Hackensack, Dutchess county, seven miles from this city, in the capacity of a servant. I obtained from her the following state-

I was born in South Dover, Dutchess county. My mother is insane. The first time I saw Cunningham was November 24, 1808, He got into the New Paltz stage at the ferry dock at Pounkeepsie on that day, at two P. M. We were the only persons in the stage. He said, "I am III, and this is the third time I have started out to buy a farm." He said he was a returned Californian. Said he had been back about four weeks. Said he was atheriess, motheriess and had no friends. Said women were scarce in California and he had made up his mind to look up a wife. He wanted to know where and how far I was going. I told him to Old Paltz, in pursuit of my insane mother. He sympathized with me and wanted to know if I hadn't better have a companion to travel with me. I declined at first. He urged me to stay all night at the hotel in New Paltz, when he would go back with me the next day to Poughkeepsie. He would pay all expenses. I finally stayed at John Schaffer's hotel with him that night, but not in the same room, The next day we wont to a friend's, where he purchased a farm, and then we had a thanksgiving dinner. The next day after he made an excuse to go to Poughkeepsie to see about a trunk and a sewing maculae, taking with him a carpet-bag containing two pairs of pants, and then we had a thanksgiving dinner. The next day after he made an excuse to go to Ponghkeepsie to see about a trunk and a sewiny macajne, taking with him a carpet-bag containing two pairs of pants, two vests and a coat which belonged to my coustn. Henry Ruscow, of Salem. Westchester county, after which I did not see Cunningham till he was arrested at Cross River, and even then not a single word passed between us. The next time I saw him was at White Plains jail, and I have not seen him since. He then abused me with violent and insuiting language, to which I made few but respectful replies. I never knew Charles M. Rogers. I never knew charles M. Rogers. I never knew any person in this world named Logan. I was never in New Jersey but once, and then only passed through on the cars. I have not been in the town of Amenia for over three years. A man who resides in Bedford, Westchester county, and who was present at my interview with Cunningham in the White Plains jail, said he knew Cunningham as a resident of the Fourth ward. New York, and that he then had two wives. I was never pregnant in my life and am not now. I have many friends in South Dover, Dutchess county, who have known me from infancy, and who yerk city only four days in my life.

GENERAL NOTES.

Pall River has 523,900 spindles in operation.
The wneat crop of Virginia promises abundantly.
Louisville has a velocipede military company.
Minors are not allowed to play billiards in Indi-

loe from Alaska sells for five cents a pound in A colored gymnast has opened a school for ladies a San Francisco.

The Albany teamsters have formed a union to en-deavor to obtain six dollars a day.

The duties collected at Oswego; in this State, last year amounted to \$405,779.

Rebecca Smith, aged 103, died in the Marion (Ind.)

Brigham Young is inspired to build a million dol-lar hotel at Salt Lake. There is a movement in Nova Scotia in favor of the mactment of the "Maine law."

Keziah Smithers died in Franklin county, Va., re-ently, at the age of 125.

The biggest billiard story yet told comes from falliliothe, Mo., where a pun of 6,932 was made. Nebraska claims to raise more and a better quality of spring wheat to the acre than any other State in the Union.

The Governor of Nebraska says that the newly discovered coal fields in Pawnee county of that State produce the best coal in the world.

A couple who were married at Dryden, this State, forty-seven years ago, were divorced at Chicago, the other day, for desertion consummated twenty-six years since.

The Dacotans are severely exercised about the movement in Congress to dismember their Terretory and are holding public meetings to protest against it.

against it.

It is stated as a curious instance of the growing availability of female labor that Vermont returns four women engaged in ship-building and Virginia reports two thus employed.

The female operatives in the boot and shoe manufactories at Stoneham, Mass, have organized a lodge of the Knights of St. Crispin, upon the same plan other lodges of that order.

The Florida planters will plant more cotton and orn this year than ever before. The orange, peach, therry and the plum trees are now in full bloom, and promise a bountiful yield of fruit.

A new scientific body, called the New England Sectionies' and Art Association, has been organized a Boston. As its name bulcates the association has or its object the advancement of mechanism. Min-

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Capture of Mayari by the Spaniards.

THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

Summary Execution of Insurgent Prisoners.

Discontent of American Residents at the Insignificance of the American Fleet.

Spanish Praise of President Grant's Inaugural.

Critical Position of Juarez in Mexico.

A NEW SPANISH LOAN.

CUBA.

The Insurgent General Capote Shot

Rebels Active and Numerous—Mayari Occupied by the Spaniards after a Desperate Fight—Unsuccessful Assault on Jiguain.

HAYANA, March 12, 1860.

All the political prisoners confined here in the various fortresses leave for the island of Fernando Po on Monday next, the 15th uit.

Advices from Clenfuegos to yesterday report that 1,000 additional troops had arrived there. The insurgent leader General Capote, who was captured recently, was tried, sentenced and shot at Cienfuegos on the 9th inst. The entire length of the railroad at that point was well guarded. The rebels tions.

Intelligence from Santiago de Cuba to the 7th has

been received. General Lopez's column of Spanish troops succeeded in entering Mayari after a desperate struggle, in which they lost heavily. General Veiasco, from Bayamo, was marching rapidly to perate in conjunction with Lopez.

The insurgents had made an attack on Jiguain,

the headquarters of Count Valmaseda, and were repulsed. They then retired to the mountains. General Puello, at Santi Espiritu, had issued an

President Grant's Inaugural Praised-Stagnation in Business-Commercial Failures Spanish Barbarities.

HAVANA, March 2, 1860. The Diario praises the inaugural message of Gene-

al Grant.
The stagnation and distrust in business circles on

The stagnation and distrust in business circles on the island is increasing. The Valillant Brothers, Schmidt & Co., Despignue & Co. and many other retail merchants in Santiago de Cuba have failed.

The Diario reports the capture of several rebel advance guards in the neighborhood of Gibara, and states that they were immediately despatched with knives by their captors.

The United States Squadron in the West Indice—The Number of Vessels Insufficient—The Political Prisoners—Lively Fighting in the Jurisdiction of Sagua la Grande.

HAVANA, March 12, 1860.

HAVANA, March 12, 1869.

The United States steamer Contoocook, figship of Admiral Hoff, leaves this port to-morrow for Key West, but will return in a few days.

The United States squadron in the West Indies is insignificant in point of numbers as compared with the English and French fleets. The American residents here characterize it as ridiculous; and talk of it as an insult to the mercantile interests of the country, while they deride the alleged parsimony or ignorance of the American government in Keeping ignorance of the American government in keeping so small a fleet in Cuban waters during the present

condition of affairs on the island.

The Gaceta of to-day publishes an official notification that the families of persons to be transported to Fernando Po next Monday may furnish them with

Advices from Sagua la Grande state that the fight-ing between the troops and insurgents is lively in that jurisdiction.

Arrived, steamer Bavaria, from New Orleans;

ailed, steamer Liberty, for Baltimore.

Demand of a New Loan to Meet Extraordi-nary Government Expenses.

Madrib, March 12, 1869.

Laureano Figuerola, the Minister of Finance, has asked for a loan of one thousand millions of reals, to meet the extraordinary expenses of the govern-

ection of the Bill for the Abolition of the Capitation Tax and Military Conscription.

Madrid, March 12, 1869.

The Constituent Cortes has rejected a bill providing for the abolition of the capitation tax and the military conscriptions.

The Contract for Carrying the Mails to the United States Before Parliament.

London, March 12—Evening.

In the House of Commons this evening Hon.

Robert Lowe, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, stated that if the mail contract with the Inman Steamship Company were sanctioned, the steamers of that line would sail from Queenstown every Fri-day for New York, instead of on Thursday, as here-

Mr. Seeley moved for a committee on the mail con-tracts to the United States.

The Marquis of Hartington, Postmaster General, said the contract was completed by the late govern-ment, and to break it would be a breach of faith. He added, that the present service was satisfactory.

Mr. Lowe deprecated, and Mr. Hunt supported, the

ontract.

The House divided, and the motion was adopted

AUSTRIA.

Passage of the Ministerial Budget—A Defi-ciency of Three Millions. VIENNA, March 12, 1869.

Both houses of the Reichsrath have passed the dinisterial budget. It shows a deficiency of 3,000,000 lorins in the revenue to meet the estimated expendi-

Weekly Statement of the Bank of France.
PARIS, March 12, 1869.
The bullion in the Bank of France has increased to

FLORIDA.

Dr. Mudd Released and On His Way Home.

KEY WEST, March 12, 1800.

Dr. Mudd has been released from the Dry Tortugas and has arrived here on route for his home in Maryland.

Critical Situation of Affairsat the Capital— An Empty Treasury—The Laws Powerless to Punish Offendors.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12, 1869. Mexican advices via Acapulco have been received. The situation of Juarez is described as critical. His available forces are limited. There is no money in available forces are limited. There is no money in the treasury, and outrages continue and the perpetrators of them go unpunished.

The receipts of the Custom House at Acaputco have been remitted to the interior for the benefit of the general government for the first time since General Are was made Governor.

Generd Alvarez is quiet] and evinces no inclination to visit the capital and answer for the large sums which he received for years from the Acaputco Custom House.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Another Heavy Snow Storm at Toronto—Sufferings of Passengers on Railroad Trains.

TORONTO, March 12, 1869.

Another snow storm is now in progress here. The train which left Montreal on Tuesday only arrived here this morning, being fifty-three hours on the way. The passengers suffered much from cold and hunger. The track is completely blocked at Colborne and Vandrie!

The Dominion Parliament will meet for the despatch of business on the 15th of April.

MASSACHUSETTS.

perate Affray in the Cambridge Lunatic Asylum—A Maniac Killed—Attempts to Modify the License Laws—Return of the Fishing Floot.

Boston, March 12, 1869. A coroner's jury in Cambridge has investigated the circumstances attending the death of James Parks, an insane man, which rumor attributed to Parks, an insane man, which rumor attributed to the violence of three Cambridge policemen. The Jury found the following verdiot:—"That James Parks died at the Taunton State Lunatic Asylum on Wednesday, March 3, 1869; that his death was caused by a fracture of the breastbone and of eleven ribs, nine on the right side and two on the left, two of the ribs on the right side being broken in two places; and by the laceration of the right left, two of the ribs on the right side being broken in two places; and by the laceration of the right lung consequent upon said fracture; that these fractures were produced subsequently to his admission to the Insane Asylum, on Tuesday, March 2, and probably occurred about five o'clobk on the morning of Wednesday, during a severe and protracted struggle between him and three attendants at the Asylum—namely, Joseph A. Young, H. O. Lamson and A. P. Grain, Parks—in, a proxysm of maniscal excitement, having made a furious and dangerous attack upon one of the attendants." The jury further say that on the morning of February 26, 1869, the before mentioned Parks received several severe wounds on the head while resisting three members of the Cambridge police force who were attempting to arrest him at the time for a breach of the peace, he being at the time in a state of maniacal excitement, while they supposed him intoxicated; but that in the opinion of the jury the wounds there received were not the cause of his death.

In the House of Representatives this afternoon the liquor question was again under consideration and the bill slightly modifying the present licence law was rejected by a strong vote. A proposition to allow hotel keepers and grocers to sell without keeping open bars was also defeated, as well as a motion to re-enact the prohibitory law and repeat the present license system. The further consideration of the subject was postponed until next Tuesday, on motion of the prohibitory party in the House.

A large fleet of fishing vessels arrived in Gloucester yesterday from George's Banks, nearly all of them having suffered the loss of cables and anchors by weather of almost unexampled severity. It is said the losses will consume the profits of the fisher year. Samuel Swainson, of Gloucester, was knocked overboard from the schooner Sabine and drowned; and Finley McAllan and John McQuarne, natives of Cape Freton, were lost in a fog, having left their vessels to set trowls.

Governor Claffin has received the res

NORTH CAROLINA.

Legislative-Senators Instructed to Vote for Repeal of the Tenure of Office Law. RALEIGH, March 12, 1860.

The House of Representatives to-day passed the resolutions introduced by Colonel Sinciair instructing Senators and requesting Representatives in Congress to vote for a repeal of the Tenure of Office act by a vote of year 38 to mays 32.

There is yet much business to be acted upon by the Legislature, and an early adjournment is impossible.

GEORGIA.

Fatal Shooting Affray in Warrenton.
AUGUSTA, March 12, 1869.
Charles Wallace, editor of the Warrenton (Ga.)
Chipper, was shot and instantly killed this morning.
Mr. Wallace had applied for admission into the
Masonic lodge at Warrenton and was black balled
by Dr. G. W. Darden, who had promised not to oppose his application. Wallace then attacked Darden
through the columns of his paper, denouncing him as
a har and a villain. As Wallace was pussing Darden's office the latter shot him from his window
with a rife, the ball passing through Wallace's head
and causing instant death. The affair causes
mense excitement in Warrenton. Wallace was a
democrat and Darden a republican.

Action of the Legislature on the Constitutional

The State Senate took up the fifteenth amendment to the constitution to-day and passed it without de-

to the constitution to-day and passed it without de-bate, by a vote of yeas 21 to nays 16; members not voting 3.

The House passed a resolution to recensider its action of yesterday adopting the amendment by a vote of yeas 81 to nays 44. A resolution to take action on the amendment was lost. The extreme radicals and extreme democrats do not support its adoption.

FENIAN DEMONSTRATION IN BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, March 12, 1869. There was a grand demonstration of the Fenian Brotherhood here to-night. St. James Hall was densely crowded, and the Seventh regiment I. R. A., which was out in full force, made a fine appearance General O'Neil addressed the meeting in an eloquent speech, which was enthusiastically received.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London Money Marker.—London, March 12—4:30 P. M.—Consols closed at 92% for money, 92% for account. United States five-twenties easier at 83. Railway stocks easier. Eries, 25%; Illinois Centrals, 97. PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, March 12.—Bourse easier. Rentes, 70f. 86c.

Inited States Revewels; bounds 6:4, 10th consequent of the consequ

stimated at 282,000 bales, of which 109,000 are from
the United States.
Liverpool Beradstupps Market.—Liverpool,
March 12.—The market closed unchanged in tone
and quotations.
Liverpool Provision Market.—Liverpool,
March 12—Evening.—Bacon has advanced is., and
closed at 61s. per cwt.
Liverpool Produck Market.—Liverpool, March
12.—Spirits petroleum has advanced to 7½d. per
gailon. Linseed oil has advanced £2, and was last
quoted at £31 10s. Other articles in produce market
unchanged.

unchanged.
LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, March 12—4:30 P. M.—Sugar closed firmer for both affoat and on spot; affoat, 29a. 6d.; on spot, 39a. Tallow has advanced to 45a. 6d. Linseed oil, 531 10s. Refined petroleum, 1s. 35/d. Spirits turpentine, 33s. Calculta linseed, 59a. 6d.
PETROLEUM MARKET.—ANTWERP, March 12.—Petroleum declined to 57f. for standard white.

HOMICIDES IN KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE.

HOMICIDES IN KENTUCKY AND TERMESSEE.

[From the Louisville Journal, March 9.]

Davis Smith was shot and killed at Fredericksburg, Washington county, Ky., on Monday of last
week, by Dr. John W. Carrico. There had been a
difficulty between the parties two or three months
before, growing out of Jealousy on the part of Smith,
and Carrico then fired a shot or two at Smith
without effect. It is said that each had threatened
to take the life of the other. Early last Monday
morning Smith passed by Dr. Carrico's office, going
to feed his horse, and having corn for that purpose
in his arms. When he was about opposite Carrico's
office the latter fired at him from the window, discharging both barreis of a double-barrelles shot gan,
loaded with buckshot. The first shot took effect, and
Smith expired almost instantly.

Garrett Hall, Register of Morgan county, Tenn.,
was shot and killed last week at Montgomery, Tenn.,
by Wm. J. Keith, son of Senator Keith. They had
quarreled, and Hall was in the act of leaving town
to avoid a further difficulty, when Keith cailed him,
saying that they must not part as enemies, and proposed to take a drink. Hall accepted, and they
starled, arm in arm to inore firmly coment the
long-existing friendiship with a glass of wise. They
had thus proceeded but a few steps when the troacherous Keith, with one arm enetroling his condding
victim, with the chosen of the lack, the ball
penetrating to the beart, from the effects of which
he died in a few minutes.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Republican Cancus on the Fifte ment—A New Compromise Excise Law General Satisfaction With Its Provision Graduated Licenses and Longer Hours—N Police Bill—A Bill in Relation to the She of New York.

Police Bill—A Bill in Relation to the Sherist of New York.

ALBANY, March 12, 1862.

A caucus of republican members was held in the Assembly chamber last night to decide upon the course they should pursue on the fifteenth amendment to the United States constitution, which was reported by the Committee on Federal relations yesterday, through Mr. James Husted, of Westchester. After a long session they decided to vote for the amendment when it comes up on special order next Wednesday. What the result of this resolve will be to the political reputation of the radical members may be inferred from the fact that the people of New York have already twice emphatically pronounced against negro suffrage in this State, which the fifteenth amendment contemplates. When the State constitution of 1846 was presented for the popular vote the negro suffrage question was voted down by a majority of 180,830. In 1860 it was again submitted to the people and again voted down by a majority of 140,431, although the republican majority for Abraham Lincoln was 50,136. It is evident, then, that the people generally do not want the universal suffrage recommended by this amendment and endorsed by General Grant in his inaugural. How the radical members of the Legislature can face their constituencies after ratifying this unpopular measure without receiving a scathing rebuke will depend upon the good nature of the voters who sent them here. The probability is, however, that the members who expect to be re-elected will find it their interest not to be rigidly bound the dictum of the caucus. The democrats will, of course, oppose the amendment; and if there should be any backing down on the part of the republicans the amendment may not be ratified.

A compromise Excise law has been agreed upon which, I think, will prove as nearly satisfactory to all parties interested as any that can be adopted. The probabilities are strongly in favor of its being passed. There was a conference had last night, in which a committee of the New York delegation and

THE NEW COMPROMISE EXCISE LAW. SECTION I. Section four of said act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 4. The said Board of Excise shall, subject to the further provisions hereof, have power to grant licenses to any person or persons, of good moral character, and who shall be approved by them, permitting him or them, for any person dot less than three months nor more than one year from the date of the application for the same, to sell and dispose of the subject of subject of subject of subject of subject of subject of subject o lows:—For a license for one year for sie, lager beer and be only, to any person or persons, seventy-tive dollars; for license for strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer to persons other than proprietors or keepers of hotels, restail or proprietors or hotels, for strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer as aum not less than \$150 nor more than \$600; to all proprietors or keepers of hotels, for strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, as aum not less than \$150 nor more than \$600; to all proprietors or keepers of strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, the sum of \$500; to \$600; to the proprietors or keepers of other restair rants or refectories, a sum not less than \$150 nor more than \$250; but in those portions of the district outside of the cities of New York and Brooklyn the said board may grant licenses to sell ale, beer and lager only for a sum not less than fity dollars, and for strong and spiritous liquors, wines, ale and beer, not less than \$100. It shall be the duty of said Beard of Excise, in all cases where a minimum or maximum rate of license for the little of license in each particular application and not by a general rule applicable to all licenses, and to fix it with reterence to the probable amount of business to be done by the applicant during the period for which the license is granted, it being the littlen of this act that an applicant doing the largest amount of business shall pay the highest rate of license fee prescribed for the class to which he belongs, and that an applicant doing the smallest amount of business shall pay the lowest rate of license fee prescribed for the class to which he belongs; but the said board shall not be required to make any less difference between the rate of license face twenty-five dollars, and he does not be successed to the largest that an applicant doing the smallest amount of business shall pay the lowest rate of license the said board shall not be required to make any less difference between the rate of license face

representations to be contained therein, and on a violation of the same may revoke the license in. On receiving any such application for a li-wing the deposit of the amount of itemse fee with if said board, the said board or the impector of

clusively to the redemption of the debts of these cits respectively, now existing or hereafter to be created. A such sum received or licenses granted to sell in Richmon county and in the towns of the county of Kings except the city of Brooklyn to the counties for the commissioners of the county of the commissioners of the country of the commissioners apportions among the several school districts in said counties respectively, and shall be he said commissioners apportione tirely (except those in the city of Brooklyn), ratable in proportion to the number of scholars attending chool in each, and shall be applied for the main school in each, and shall be applied for the main tenance of the schools and the creation and in provement of school buildings therein respectively. A such aims received for licenses to sail in the town of the sendote and the erection and the not of school buildings therein respectively. All time received for licenses to sail in the towns use county includes in said towns shall be paid to relicate the received for license and situations occurring in said towns shall be paid follows:—The such of thirty doltars from each license il be paid to the treasurer of the county of Queens to mapplied to the superior of the poor of said county; her sums shall be paid to yet to the counting ones of the paid to the treasurer of the counting ones of the paid to the treasurer of the counting ones of the paid to the counting of the poor of said county; ill further sums shall be pale over the common schools in and country, the sums received from each cown to be paid to the commessioner whose district embraces that fown. The said sums shall be apportioned among the soloyi districts of each lowes ratably in proportion to be number of scholars strending school in each, and phall be applied for the maintenance of the schools and the wrection and improvement of school buildings thereous apportunity. But before any of said commissioners of schools apportunity. But before any of said commissioners of schools apportunity.

Another bill with a view to increase the salaries of the police was introduced by Colonel Murphy to-day in the House. It provides for turee grades in the force, and regulates the salaries as follows:—Present

force, and regulates the salaries as follows:—Present members are to receive \$1,500 a year; new members the same after one year's service; and doormen, after a term of one year, \$1,200.

A bill restricting the Sheriff of New York from appointing deputies except for the purpose of serving criminal and civil processes was introduced by Mr. I. D. Klernan. The precise object of this bill does not appear in the single section which comprises it, but when it comes to be debated, with such amendments as the committee may possibly affix to it, it may be better understood.

A bill to regulate the action of the bears of Wall street and to prevent the locking up of money. It reads thus:—

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

ALBANY, March 12, 1889.

Providing for taking affidavits in other States; to amend the charter of the People's Fire Insurance Company of New York; authorizing the Canastota and Cazenovia Railroad. to take increased fare; in-corporating the Fulton Fishmongers' Association of New York.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. HUMPHREY—Incorporating the Loan and Security Bank of Brooklyn.

By Mr. Tweed—Extending the powers of the Eric Ratiroad Company. Railroad Company.

By Mr. Hals—To amond the law in relati

wills.

Hy Mr. WILLIAMS—To amend the charter of the
Ashbury Life Insurance Company.

By Mr. Pierce—For the use of steam on a portion
of Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn; also to amend the
general railroad law; also to incorporate the New
York Seamen's Association.

By Mr. Tween—To incorporate the Fulton Ferry,
Christopher Street and Hudson River Railroad Com-

Christopher Street and Hudson.

On motion of Mr. Folger the Judiciary Committee
was empowered to continue its investigation into
the gun contracts for twenty days.

The Senate then adjourned until Monday evening.

ASSEMBLY

ALBANY, March 12, 1869. ALBANY, March 12, 1869.

The SPEAKER presented a communication from the Citizens' Gaslight Company of Brooklyn, patating that the amount of money on deposit is \$22,601, and the number of consumers 5,235; also a communication from the New York Gaslight Company, stating that the amount of money on deposit is \$164,065, to secure the payment of \$182,897, which does not include the payment of \$182,897, which was a supplied to the corporation of \$182,897. \$144,531 due for gas supplied to the corporation of the city; also a communication from Christopher Morgan, President of the Board of Managers of the specific charges in writing were made in Angust last against Dr. Gray, superintendent of said asylum, by Dr. George Cook, of Canandaigua; that Dr. Cook appeared before the Board of Managers and was examined; at the close of the examination the Board of Managers resolved that no foundation exists for the charges, and that from the investigation said board nave increased condence in Dr. Gray's truthfulness, integrity, skill, ability and economical and faithful administration of the affairs of the asylum; that on the 15th of February Dr. Cook presented to the assembly a resolution that the Committee on State Charitable Institutions investigate the affairs and management of the lunatic asylum; that the managers, desirous of such examination, ask a joint committee for that purpose.

Mr. Dayls offered a joint resolution that four members of the Assembly and three of the Senate be appointed to investigate the management of the affairs of said asylum and report within twenty days. Laid on the table under the rule.

Authorizing sny town in Otsego and Herkimer counties to issue bonds in aid of the Cooperstown and Susquehanna Railroad; for the relief of the Brooklyn and Winfield Railroad; noorporating the

Authorizing any town in Otsego and Herkime counties to issue bonds in aid of the Cooperstow, and Susquehanna Raliroad; for the relief of the Brocklyn and Winfield Railroad; incorporating the Harlem River and Port Chester Railroad and givin it power of consolidation; for the relief of the Kri and Genesee Valley Railroad; to amend the charter of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; to about the construction of the circulation of banks; incorporating the Ogdensburg Savings Bank; to Inclinate the construction of the Circulation of banks; incorporating the Ogdensburg Savings Bank; to Inclinate the construction of the Utica, Chemango and Susquehams Railroad; a amend the laws relating to bonding towns in Jefferson and Lowis counties; for a new iron canabridge at Fulton; amending the charter of the Skaneateles Railroad and for the appointment of railroad commissioners for the of a railroad on certain streets of Poughteepsie; incorporating the Little Palls Savings Bank; to continue the corporate existence of the Lake Ontario, Auburn and New York Railroad; amending the Charter for the appointment of the corporate existence of the Lake Ontario, Auburn and New York Railroad; amending the ing the Little Falls Savings Bank; to occorporate existence of the Lake Ontar nd New York Railroad; amending the establishment of life and health charter for the establishment of life and heaft surance companies; incorporating the Metropol Guaranty and Indominity Company and the Orie Savings Bank of New York, the Stuyesant sav Bank of New York; changing the name of Oneida Conference Seminary; requiring the registion of births, marriages and double; to amend charter of Lockport.

BILLS EMPORTED.

BILLS REPORTED. To complete lincorporating the New York Burglar Insurance Company; authorizing Syracuse and the towns in Onondaga and Oswego counties to aid the Northwestern and Syracuse Railroad.

Mr. MILLER submitted a minority report adverse to the bill relating to the publication of advertisements by newspapers; to amend the act relating to legal notices; to amend the law as to proofs of cutzenship; in relation to suits against heirs.

relation to suits against heirs.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

ROUCE—Amending the law in refer-By Mr. Hashbouck—Amending the law in reference to surrogates.

By Mr. COMANT—Giving non-residents thirty days' notice of assessments before the assessments shall be dual.

law.

By Mr. CALKINS—To amend the act relating butter and cheese manufacturing; also regulation the office of the coroner of Eric county so that the shall be but one coroner after January next.

By Mr. Husten—Authorizing any town in We observer county to aid in the construction of the N. shall be but one coroner after January next.

By Mr. HUSTED—Authorizing any town in Westchester county to aid in the construction of the New
York, Housatonic and Northern Railroad.

By Mr. Richmond—In relation to the Sheriff of
New York, as follows:—It shall not be lawful for the
Sheriff of the city and county of New York to apjoint any special deputies except to execute civil or
criminal processes.

By Mr. BERRY—To amend the law in relation to
keeping combustibles in New York.

By Mr. TARINEM—To widen Broadway between
Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth streets to 100 feet.

By Mr. Farak—To amend the law extending Lexington avenue.

By Mr. Perrar—To amend the law extending Lexington svenue.

By Mr. HUSTRD—Incorporating the Association of the Soldiers' Home of the State of New York; also to extend the bouncaries of Peckskill.

By Mr. Godl.p—For better protection of travellers on railroads by requiring stoves to be firmly instead.

By Mr. Carrent—Providing for a partition of the St. Regis Indians between the Protestants and the Catholics.

By Mr. Chase—Making appropriations for canal expenses for the coming fiscal year.

The whole number of bills infroduced was 103.

BILLS ORDERED TO THIRD READING.

Amending the charter of the German Savings Bank of New York.

Authorizing the appointment of a President pro-

Recess.

Afterneon Session.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

To legalize and confirm certain proceedings taken to incorporate the Holy Angels Infirmary, Academy and in dustrial School for Benevolent, Charitable and in the Confession of the Proposition Possions of the and in dustrial School for Benevolent, Charitable and Scientific Purposes; to increase the Metropolitan Ponce force; for the relief of the Tenth street and Broadway stage line of New York; to profect, improve and keep in repair the Buffalo and Williams ville macadamized road in Erie county; to authorize the city of Syracuse to Issue bonds and take stock in the Syracuse Northern and the Syracuse and Chenango Valley Raliroad, companies; to amend the Revised Statutes relative to wills and the appointment of guardians by surrogates.

Balles Passen.

To provide for the construction of vertical doved docking along the bank of the Erie canali in the village of Rome; to fundte the village of Lansingburg to the city of Troy; to incorporate the trustees of the Wadsworth Library; to amend the act in relation to a bridge in Seneca Ralls; to authorize the construction of certain piers on the North river in the city of the Vark.

tion to a bridge in Seneca Rails; to authorize the construction of certain piers on the North river in the city of New York.

To amond an act for the public health in the town of Wy-grvilet, passed April 7, 1866; to incorporate the German Medical Institution, of New York; to amond the acts relative to pure milk in the city of Rew York; it relation to the stocase year of the public of the stocase of the public of the stocase of the public of Rew York; it relation to the stocase year of the public of the stocase of the public of the public

ike stock in certain familiar and outlies to extend a gricultural and norticultural societies to extend a nore perfect protection to their property and the roperty of exhibitors at fairs, enthorizing the tichmondylile and Summit Plank road to abandon art of their road. The bill to incolograte the art of their road. The bill to incolograte the be instructed to immediately inquire into alieged murders and outrages which have been petrated on emigrants by the officers of the James Foster, Jr., and report to this House with remedy is necessary to stop further action.

Adjourned.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

The Maine Legislature will adjourn sine die to-day.

The lesses of the Arkansas Penitentiary have notified the government that unless they are paid by the 1st of April they will abandon it.

iss of April they will abandon it.

The Commencement of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia was held yesterday marning at the Musical Fund Hall. One hundred and thirty-six students graduated.

A blil has passed both houses of the Maine Legis-

ature allowing the Oldtown Railroad to come to tide water in Bangor over the track of the European and American road.

Thomas G. Garrish, City Treasurer, of Lowell. Mass., and hitherto a greatly esteemed citizen, has been exposed, and confesses to embezziing \$30,000 or more of the city funds.

or more of the city funds.

A delegation from the New York Corn Exchange is now in Buralo. A public meeting will be held on 'Change to-day, when matters of importance to the commercial interests of this State and the great West will be discussed.

Dr. Henry W. Holmes, of Springfield, Mass., was arraigned yesterday for neglecting to report to the city authorities a smallpox case, as required by law. The Springfield authorities have determined to stop theighpread of the disease.

the spread of the disease.

Edwin R. Colton, the missing agent of Adams Express Company at Springfield, Mass., who mysteriously disappeared in New York in December 1867, is reported to have been seen in Chamber street, New York, on Thursday. Mrs. Jeremiah Ladd, the oldest person in Co ticut, died on Wednesday last, at her resides East Lyme, aged 108 years and nine months. health had been good until within a few days, she took cold and died of pneumonia.

she took cold and died of pneumonia.

A fire on Thursday morning on the dairy fa William H. Priestly, near the Relay House, o Baitimore and Ohio Railroad, destroyed three and one stable. Six valuable Alderney cows, had cost \$150 each in England, were burned.

George Reddick was shot and mortally wou in Nashville, Tenn., by a policeman named Batwo o'clock yesterday morning white the latter making an arrest in a disreputable house, shot three times. Reddick attempted to returfire, but the pistol failed to go off.

THE WEEKLY HERALD.

The Cheapest and Best Newspaper in the

The Cheapest and Best Newspaper in the Cenatry.

The Weekly Herald of the present week, new ready, contains the very latest European news by the Cable up to the hour of publication; also Telegraphic Despatches from Cuba Mexico, Hayti, St. Domingo, St. Thomas, Forto Rico, Paraguay and other points. It will also contain a detailed and very interesting account of the inauguration of President Grant; his Inaugural Address; Biographical Sketches of the new Cabinet; Message of President Grant to the Senate asking the repeal of the law disqualifying A. T. Stewart from according the dent Grant to the Senate asking the repeal of the law disqualifying A. T. Stewart from accepting the office of Secretary of the Treasury; Mr. Stewart's letter decilining the appointment, and other interesting Washington news. The current News of the Week; the Fashions; Amusements; Varieties; Foreign Intelligence; Scientific, Sporting, Religious and Literary Intelligence; Editorial articles on the prominent topics of the day; Our Agricultural Budget; Reviews of the Cattle, Horse, Dry Goods and Boos and Shoe Markets; Financial and Commercial Intelligence, and accounts of all the important and interesting events of the week.

Terms:—Single subscription, \$2; Three copies, \$5;

TERMS:—Single subscription, \$2; Three copies, \$5; Five copies, \$5; Ten copies, \$15; Single copies, \$ve cents each. A limited number of advertisements inserted in the Weekly Herald.

A Cure for Cameer, Screfuln, Bright's an other Kidney Diseases, Culaneous Affections, Dyspension. Ac. THE VERMONT SPRING WATER. Get the best. SAXE & CO., 417 Broome street, New York.

A.—Money Advanced on Diamonds, Jewelry, Silver, Silks, Shawls, Furniture, &c. O. G. JUDD, 600 A.—Cutlery of Every Description What lear Becking and retail at J. CURLEY & BROS.', 131 Names at 1847 Beckings.

A.—Go to Espenscheid's and see what invention in hatting has produced, viz., a splendid Dress that will retain its shape and lustre. 115 Names street. A Lecoultre's Swiss Razors, Wade & Butcher's and Rodgers' English Razors, at J. CURLEY & BRO.'8, 127 Nassau street.

A Permanent Cure of Piles.—Dr. Witmers' Pile Suppository will positively cure external or internal Piles. Agent, 184 Bowery. The Great Cartoon Paper, THE EVENING TELEGRAM.

Sessing or praise.

CEBSUTE OF PRAISE.

UNPARALLELED INCREASE IN CIRCULATION. MEDIUM CHEAPEST AND BEST ADVERTISING.

Batchelor's Haif Dye, The Best in the world. The only perfect dye; harmiess, reliable, instantaneous. Factory 18 Bond street.

Barker's Wir and Human Hair Emportum. Iraids, Curis, Chignons, &c., &c. Best and cheapest in the rorid. 621 Broadway. Cold-ine Will Cure Your Cold. Try it. Sold.
7 druggists.
10 Astor House, corner of Egrclay street. Cristadoro's Unrivalled Hair Dye.—Sold and

Retablished in 1800,-The Metropolitan Job quoi Spring Water—Only reancer and all diseases of the kidney Depot, 525 Broadway, N. Y.

The Great Caytoon Paper,
THE EVENING TELEGRAM,
SETTING STORES AS they rise, and showing them, up to public
UNPARALLELED
UNPARALLELED

INCREASE IN CIRCULATION. EVERYBODY READS IT. IN CHECULATION.
MEDIUM
OF ST. ADVERTISING.

Pamphiots, Law Reports, &c., Executed with neatness, quickness and despatch, twenty-five percent cheaper than at any other printing establishment in the city at the METROPOLITAR JOB PRINTING ESTABLISH MERK, 77 Nassau street.

Removed.—M. J. Palliard & Co. have removed from their old stand, No. Il Maifes into, to the splengid new store No. 6 magnifernity, where they offer for temperation and sale magnifernit stock of Musical Bossa, auer Goods and the Watches.

For Sale—The New Four Story Brown Stone high stoop Houses Nos. 102 and 104 East Sixties street, accur-tesington avenue. Inquire on premises.